

BOSTON MORNING POST.

PUBLISHED DAILY, AT NO. 21 WATER STREET, BY BEALS & GREENE.—CHARLES GORDON GREENE EDITOR.

MONDAY

MORNING, JUNE 5, 1837.

PRICE \$6 PER ANN. IN ADVANCE

BOSTON MORNING POST.

MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1837.

That it might be fulfilled which was spoken by Esaias the Prophet. Matthew iv, 14.

The whigs are making a grand parade of a few predictions that were made by Daniel the Prophet after the removal of the Deposits and other acts of the administration. Now it has so happened that some of these predictions have come to pass—we allude to those respecting over-banking and the consequent calamities of trade which are really, however, but one and the same prediction. Now, all this might have been predicted by any other man, had the United States Bank been re-chartered; any person who was tolerably versed in commercial affairs, and moderately acquainted with the circumstances of trade in this country, might have foretold all our present disasters, whether the United States bank had been or had not been re-chartered. But this is not all. No sooner had Daniel uttered this sage prediction, than the whigs in all the State legislatures immediately set about with all their energies, to establish State Banks with immense capitals—that it might be fulfilled which was spoken by Daniel the Prophet, &c. Witness, for one example, the effort of the Boston whigs to establish a Ten Million Bank, which was effectually opposed by the Democrats. The famous Jemima Wilkinson prophesied among one of her exhortations, that a certain individual—naming him—would on that night die in his bed—and her prediction came very near being fulfilled—for on that very night the devoted victim was attacked by a company of Jemima's emissaries, who attempted to strangle him—that it might be fulfilled which was spoken by Jemima the prophetess—but he fortunately escaped out of their hands. Thus no sooner does one of the whig orators make some calamitous prediction respecting the affairs of the nation, than the whole whig party immediately set themselves to work with all their energies to accomplish his predictions—that it might be fulfilled which was spoken by Daniel the Prophet &c. Hence the stoppage of specie payments all over the country.

Restraint power of a United States Bank.—It is a common remark among the Biddle Bank men—while they admit what is asserted in the administration papers, that overbanking is one of the principal causes of our present calamities,—that this overbanking has taken place on account of the absence of the restraining and controlling influence of a General Government Bank. We would ask all such politicians why it has happened that the National Bank of England has not exercised this needful restraint on banking operations in the British dominions?—especially when we consider that the peculiar circumstances of the English government, must give that institution more power over other banking operations than a similar institution could possibly exercise in the United States—where each state is an independent government with the power of banking to any extent they think fit. Why has not the Bank of England, which is established on similar principles to those upon which the Bank of the United States was chartered—why has not the Bank of England prevented overbanking in Great Britain? For the plain and simple reason that the tendency of such a mammoth institution is to prevent any such evil. The Banks and the trade and the currency of Scotland are said to be in a comparatively sound condition at the present time—not because Government has exercised a restraining influence upon the banking and commercial transactions there—but for the very opposite reason, that trade and the currency in Scotland have been very wisely left to themselves—to be regulated by the wisdom of the traders, without any legislative interference—comparatively speaking. The less controlling influence the Government has over the banking and commercial transactions of the nation, the better will it be for the prosperity of the people—and nothing will place the trade of the country so completely in the power of Government as the establishment of another National Bank.

Food of Man.—There is scarcely an article in nature, which is capable of being converted into nutriment, that has not been used by man as food; and almost every nation eats something which would be revolting to the taste of every other nation. The frogs of the French table would not be more disgusting to an Englishman than the raw or rare beef of an English table to a Frenchman. It is said in some book of voyages to the polar regions, which we have read, that the crew off-red molasses to the savage inhabitants, which they disliked and rejected, but when they offered them lamp-oil they swallowed it with great avidity and pronounced it excellent. The inhabitants of Barbary eat the hedgehog; and the Romans in ancient times, and the South Sea Islanders, in modern times, were said to eat young dogs. There are people in the southern States who eat large quantities of a certain unctuous clay, though we believe it is neither a wholesome or a fashionable article of diet. We have heard of a crew, who, having become destitute of proper provisions, lived several weeks upon raw hides, seasoned with molasses, which formed their cargo. The Calmucks devour putrid matters, mice, birds of prey, foxes and wolves, but will not eat dogs or weasels; probably some lecturer on the science of human life in their community has pronounced the latter to be unwholesome. The Jackals will eat carnivorous animals, and many revolting substances; but they will not eat pork—undoubtedly for some very wise reason. The inhabitants of the Fox Islands eat raw whale blubber—in deed, all inhabitants of polar latitudes are said to be remarkably fond of fatty substances, which Capt. Ross pronounced to be excellent preservatives against the effects of cold. The Tungusians eat tigers, lions, snakes, bats, elephants, stinking and unclean fish. The Chinese eat dogs, horses and rats. The Africans eat crocodiles, eagles, ostriches, hippopotami, serpents, toads, rats, worms, carrion, chalk and earth. The Bojesmen will feed upon ants and maggots. But we should disgust the reader were we to enumerate all the various substances which have been eaten by different people.

The science of cookery itself seems to be nothing more than the art of converting revolting substances into agreeable articles of diet, and indigestible substances into such as are wholesome and digestible. By this science man is rendered omnivorous; since it affords the means of extracting nutriment from almost every organised substance. Many nutritious articles are extracted from poisonous roots and vegetables. Even the potato itself belongs to a poisonous class of plants—being of the same natural family with the henbane and the nightshade; and the parsnip and carrot belong to that poisonous family of plants, to which the *Elicata* or poisonous hemlock belongs. The

POETRY.

STANZAS.

Written in England in 1832.

I stand a stranger on the shore,
The classic shore of Albion's isle,—
And scan the page of men's story o'er
Without a tear—without a smile:
The time is past when I could claim,
With pride, the land where sprung my line,
Or boast my father's laurel'd name,
Or shed a tear o'er its decline.
A wanderer in a foreign land,
My household gods all pass'd away—
I will not claim the welcome hand,
Nor ask a father's ocean's bay.
But bid it cross the ocean's blue,
To that fair clime where Freedom reigns;
Her gentle breath may life first dawn,
Upon her shore my heart remains.
Columbia! can I e'er forget
The joyance of my boyhood years?
Oh no!—the vision lingers yet,
Where contrast calls in vain for tears;
My roving spirit whirls beneath,
Its current's even-surfaced tide,
And sternly, madly, spurns to breathe,
One echo of its humbled pride.
I cross'd the long since useless draw,
And stood within our ancient walls,
Where many a valiant soldier of war,
Still hung upon the banner'd wall;
I went within the crumbling tomb,
To mark Death's mouldering trophies there,
Then o'er me came a kindred gloom,
Which bow'd my tearless soul to prayer.
I pray'd for death, and death is near—
I'm not forsaken by my God;
My bosom owns no servile fear,
To mingle with the verdant sod,
The monarch of the snowy steed,
Shall alter not my pulses beat—
Be bliss or woe my future meet.
That bliss or woe I fly to meet.

A Short Treatise on the Habits and Character of The Oyster. By John Gardiner. Opened General at Le Count, United States Refectory—Philadelphia. We have received a curious little pamphlet with the above title, from which we will amuse our readers with a few extracts.

The author had observed a bright light emanating from the oyster on one occasion—he adds—
“I thought this thing over for two years—and was afraid to tell anybody, lest I should be laughed at. One day, however, a gentleman came in to get some oysters. I had heard people say, and there being no person present, I told him what I have written. He then told me the following:—A. M. De Lavigne (this is a French name) once observed on opening an oyster, a shining matter or bluish light, resembling a star, about the centre of shell. On being taken from the animal it extended nearly half an inch in length, and found the shining matter to consist of three distinct and dissimilar living beings—one of which had no less than forty eight legs attached to a slender body; a black spot on the head which was its only eye—the back resembling the back of an angel with its outer coat off. The second had also a solitary eye, and many feet—a nose like a dog's, and a body made up of several rings. The third was very different. Its body was speckled and its head resembled a fowl's with a tuft of hair on both sides. Each of these was luminous, the whole light resembling a bluish star.”

This description puts in the mind of the accounts of the monsters described in the “Revelations.”
He says—
“The growth of the Oyster is visible by the successive rings upon its shell.”
He concludes with the following sagacious advice to his brethren of the shell—for opening Oysters:—
“Hold the Oyster firm on the chisel—and strike but one stroke on the shell—then introduce the knife—separate the muscle, which is vulgarly called the heart of the Oyster, from the shell—then lift off the upper shell, grasping the lower with your thumb and fore finger, and finally detach it—and then in the most delicate manner, hand it over to the plate or dish, or in shell, to the customer, without touching it with one of your fingers.
Never get drunk, and say as few words as possible.”

Town making.—An anecdote.—Those who have been to the “far west,” where towns are made in a night, (on paper) in an hour, and built up in a week, have seen the arts of speculators, make a map of the surrounding country, laying down railroads and canals, all centering in their town; which is thus demonstrated to be the future “emporium of the West.”

The following anecdote takes off this practice of the town speculating to a T. We copy it from a Rochester, New York paper:—

“A fellow who had observed all the sellers of land, and seen all the canals, railroads, &c. which had been built on paper, brought a noble cow to one of the great land markets to sell. He placed her by the side of one of the Land Offices, and offered her for sale.
What is the price I asked one.
It is sixty dollars, he answered.
Sixty dollars! vociferated the astonished countryman, why is she worth so much?
Here is a map of her, said the fellow, pulling out a paper, with a large cow pictured upon it, from his breeches pocket; and he continued, you see here the great old Whit turnpike runs immediately under her tail to the City of the Swamps. Soon Lake canal will intersect her head on the top horn side, and the Canaan Railroad passes directly through her! Genlemen, do n't all speak at once!”

German Medical Institutions.—The hospitals of Germany, like those of France and Italy, are under the superintendence of their respective governments; but are inferior in point of size, and interior organization. They are mostly supported by funds derived from taxes on parishes and districts, and by contributions from servants and others of inferior classes, who thus, when ill, acquire a title to admission. Some of the patients, also, pay a certain sum weekly for their support. A fixed salary is allotted to the medical men, who are not elected by public competition, but are mostly appointed by government. Hired nurses attend upon the sick, there being no religious sisterhood to undertake this duty. Germany contains upwards of twenty universities—a larger number than any other country, we learn from the Medical Library.

INDIAN OIL.—This elegant article is used for gradually coloring light or red hair, to a brown or black, at the same time promoting its growth and beauty, it is as much as any coloring matter, to which it gives a strong and glossy curl, removes the dandruff and prevents the hair from falling out or becoming grey. Price 75 cents.

Also, the **INDIAN DYE**, a beautiful brown or jet black; in eight or ten hours, without staining the skin or injuring the texture of the hair. Price 75 cents.

A Case of fresh Indian Oil and Dye, just received from the proprietors and for sale by L. V. ASHINGTON, CO. 117 Washington street.

OTTO OF ROSE.—27 Bottles Otto of Rose, a pure article just received, for sale by WILLIAM WARD & CO. corner of Milk and India streets.

VALUABLE DAIRY FARM AND STOCK FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

The Farm usually called Cow Lake, on the Wimpisioque Lake, N. H., embracing between 500 and 600 acres—about 100 acres in mowing and pasture in a high state of cultivation—the residue in white clover, more than 100 bushels Corn to the acre, and has produced 40 bushels of Wheat and 90 bushels of Oats to the acre in former seasons.
The Dairy, besides supplying the farm, furnished for sale last year, 6200 lbs cheese, 1400 lbs of butter, and 200 lbs. lard, besides other produce. For sale with the farm, the farming utensils, 1 horse, 1 yoke of oxen, 1 valuable bull, and about 40 cows and heifers of first rate quality, many of them of English blood.

The above farm and stock are valued at \$9000, and will be sold or exchanged for Real Estate in this city—they offer a capital opportunity to the Merchant or Mechanic desirous of turning farmer—the buildings are a good house, 3 barns, dairy house, wind mill, ice house, &c.
N. B. Also for sale, a valuable farm near Boston, with excellent buildings, land, &c. Apply to C. MCINTIRE, 5 Exchange street.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY. A large quantity of gentlemen's efficient winter garments, for which the highest cash price will be given, in cash or fancy goods. Gentlemen about to leave the city, or others who are desirous of clearing out their wardrobes, will find it to their advantage to give the subscriber a call. W. S. & T. JENNINGS, variety store, 100 Court street.

REMOVAL.—NATHANIEL DEARBORN & SON, have removed to No 53 Washington st. one door north of their former place of business. Where orders for Engraving on Copper, Wood, and Metals—Stencil Cutting, &c. (perspective) of Machinery &c. will be attended to with faithful and promptness. Factories and Merchants supplied with Engraved Tickets, Labels, and Card Tags, in any quantities. An extensive assortment of Glass Doorplates, and Number Frames, of various sizes, for sale, wholesale and retail. Orders for them lettered, either Transparent, (for day only) or Engraved, (for day only) accomplished without delay. Address: Charles Engraving in the most improved fashion.

BENJAMIN BAILEY, Engraver, has removed from his former room, to 12 School street, at which place he most respectfully solicits the favors of his friends and the public generally.

Ornamental and plain professional and visiting Cards, and all descriptions of Signs and Seals neatly and promptly executed, on favorable terms.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—The subscribers have formed a connection in business under the firm of W. P. BROWN & CO., who have for sale a general assortment of Grain, at the lowest cash price, at the continuation of the firm of J. A. BROWN, near the Railroad Bridge, Lincoln street, on the South Cove.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—THOMPSON'S NEWLY INVENTED AND SUPERIOR TRUSS.—This Truss is the latest invention, and its superiority over all other Trusses is admitted by all who have used them. It is not only easy and agreeable in its application (causing no irritation or inconvenience), but the relief it affords is immediate, and the progress of the cure which it is sure to effect, rapid and certain. Multitudes who have tried, can testify to its extraordinary virtues. All those who are interested in this subject, may be satisfied there is no exaggeration in the above description, by visiting the subscriber's room, 237 Washington street, (on the second floor Dr. S. C. Hewitt keeps his rooms,) where the Trusses will be exhibited and applied by one acquainted with its use and the complaint it is intended to treat, viz. DR. THOMPSON, of Brattleborough, Vt. the inventor of the Truss. my 15 MtuWtA3m

MARBLE CHIMNEY PIECES.—The subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of Marble Chimney Pieces, which he intends to sell on the most reasonable terms. Also, Freestone and Flagging, for the outside of buildings, which he can furnish in first rate order to any amount.

He likewise offers himself as carver on any kind of stone, marble, brown stone or granite, according to any one of the following orders.

He agrees also to make Marble Monuments, Tomb Stones, &c. in good order, and sell them ten per cent less than they can be purchased in New England, of equal quality and work. He is also the subscriber to the new Catholic Church, in the city of the Union in his branch of business, he flatters himself he will have a small share of public patronage.

JOHN BYRNE, Haverhill, near the Warren Bridge. my 15 MtuWtA3m

MARBLE MANUFACTORY.—The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has removed from Merrimack Street to his new shop on Charles-town street, in the rear of the new Catholic Church, and a few doors from the City Squares, where he has on hand a large assortment of Marble, work consisting of—

Marble Chimney Pieces, manufactured from best Foreign and Domestic Marble,
Marble Pier and Centre Table Tops,
Marble Monuments,
Marble Tomb Stones,
Marble and Slate Grave Stones, &c. for Cemeteries.

Also—a constant supply of Free Stone, for buildings of every kind.
The above comprises a very extensive assortment, and will be sold on such terms as cannot fail to give satisfaction to purchasers.

CHARLES HARLOW. 120—eolytis

MARBLE CHIMNEY PIECES, &c.—Marble Chimney Pieces, Monuments, Tombstones, Table and Counter Tops. The largest and best quality to be found in New England. For sale by the Subscriber at the corner of Corn bridge and Charles streets. JOHN TEMPLETON. m 21 eop3mis

N. THOMPSON, Bookbinder and Publisher, 38 South Church street, Franklin Avenue. All kinds of Binding done with elegance and promptness. Orders respectfully solicited.

Wanted as above 15 or 20 intelligent active agents, to obtain subscriptions in the several States, for a new and highly interesting work. M&Fm al7

DR. R. HARRINGTON'S SURE PREVENTIVE OF GONORRHEA AND SYPHILIS.

An ounce of Prevention is worth a Pound of Remedy. The long sought for Remedy for Gonorrhea and Syphilis, a chemical process, a most valuable preventive of that awful scourge to mankind, the Gonorrhea and Syphilis. The above caution or preventive is sold no where, but by the inventor, No 25, Endicott street, Boston, Mass., where the medicine is prepared and sold up in bottles of six ounces each, label and directions for use enclosed, enclosed, enclosed. Price one dollar per bottle. 6p my 31

MASS. STATE PRISON.—The public are hereby informed that, orders for the honor of Granter, and for work from a d steel, continue to be received at this institution. Orders for Penitentiary Blades, to be inserted in old bandages, may be left in the Ward's box, at Briggs' Reading Room, Wilson's Lane, City of Boston, and will be delivered by Mr. Briggs when finished.

All orders for Stone or other work, will receive immediate attention, and be executed in a prompt and satisfactory manner. CHARLES LINCOLN, JR., Warden. Massachusetts State Prison, 2 WICK 24 wostf je 3

BOARDERS WANTED.—4 or 5 gentlemen can be accommodated with board in a genteel boarding house on Mount Pleasant, Roxbury, next door to Mr. Clev's boarding house, where application may be made, or to WM. C. SPEAR in the front end of the Boylston Market.

PARDEE'S PATENT TIMEPIECE.—This article is fitted for the store, counting room, office or dwelling house, the neatest, cheapest, most accurate and durable time keeper ever invented. For sale wholesale and retail by J. A. NOBLE, 111 Washington st. eop3m j-3

WANTED.—\$1000 for a prime mortgage on property in Chelsea. JOHN I. SPEAR, 7 Exchange street. je 3 31s

WANTED.—A first rate Bar Tender in a public house—a man to work in a boarding house. None but Americans need apply. Inquire at 47 Milk street. eplw je 2

SUGAR AND HONEY.—215 boxes White and Brown sugar—71 boxes, 100 lbs Honey, landing from brig Caplain, and for sale by P. S. SHELTON, 44 India wharf. 2w je 2

CURLED HAIR.—In the rope, for sale, wholesale and retail, at No 37 Cornhill, by HANCOCK, HOLDEN & ADAMS. 3m al2

ACCORDIONS.—I case French Accordions containing the usual variety of sizes, received to-day, and will be sold at extremely low prices, by BATES & TOLMAN, 6 Court st. 1m my 5

BOARD.—Five or six gentlemen can be accommodated with board and pleasant rooms at No 1 Wendell street, Fort Hill. eplw my 9

FRAMPTON'S PILLS OF HEALTH—OR FAMOUS RESTORATIVE.

Habitual Costiveness and Irregularities of the Bowels—one, two, or three to be taken at bedtime—to be repeated as occasion may require.

Bilious and Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Sallowness of the Complexion, Drowsiness, Languor, Flatulency, Headache, Loss of Appetite, Wind and Spasms—two or three pills taken every night will speedily remove the complaint.

After too free an indulgence in the pleasures of the table, two or three pills may be taken as soon as convenient—this will prevent any unpleasantness, and render the system cool and comfortable.

Pimples in the Face, Blotches, Eruptions of the Skin, &c.—two pills to be taken every other night—to be continued till the complaint is removed.

Female Complaints—Obstructions, the distressing Headache so prevalent with the Sex, Depression of Spirits, Dimness of Sight, Nervous Affections, Sallowness of the Skin, &c.—one, two, or three pills, according to the strength of the patient, to be taken at bedtime, and continued as occasion may require.

Elderly People will find essential benefit in an occasional dose, as they give tone and strength to the stomach, and prevent any noxious accumulations.

Children—for children they can be bruised down, and given with honey, jelly, sugar, &c.

As a general direction for almost any deviation from health, or for sudden illness, one, two or three pills will be found to answer the purpose, either for a mild or brisk purgative, according to the constitution of the patient—while a persevering use in their use, with moderate exercise, cannot fail to produce permanent results.

The best time for taking them is at night—but they may also be used at any time of the day in urgent cases, and where the head or stomach is disordered.

For sale, by appointment of the proprietor, Thomas Prout No 239 Strand, London, by the agent of the celebrated Blair's Gout and Rheumatic Pills, at the Saloon and London Importing Warehouse, No 36 Cornhill, formerly Market St. a19



A REMEDY FOR Nervous Headache, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Oppression of the Side, Arms and Limbs, &c.—Costiveness, Piles, &c. in the side, arms and limbs, is the best remedy ever offered to the public—pleasant to take, mild and safe in all cases. For sale at my office, No 59 Union st. ten, first door South of the National, nearly opposite the Baptist church, by the Zoological Institute, nearly opposite the Baptist church. Also for sale several apothecaries in the city and country. Price \$1.25 with the pills.

CERTIFICATES. Scituate, March 12, 1836. I was afflicted six years with Dispensia. No physicians nor medicines gave me relief. I suffered much, and as recommended by a friend of mine recommended to me the Jelly of Pomegranate. I bought two bottles, and used one and two thirds of another, and I am entirely cured—it is now three months since, and have had no ill return.

HANNAH I. MITCHELL. Cohasset, March 13, 1836. My child, a girl six years old, was afflicted with a humor ever since two years of age, and began to be very troublesome, principally on the head and neck. I bought the Jelly Pomegranate and Salt Rheum Ointment, prepared by Dr. GORDAK, used it according to his directions, and in one week my child was cured—it is now six months since, and no humor has appeared again.

WM. BROWN. Boston, Nov. 12, 1836. Two months before I applied to Dr. GORDAK, was taken with a Cough, attended with a dull headache—the cough kept going, and the head continued to ache—very low—a friend of mine recommended to me the Jelly of Pomegranate. I bought two bottles, and used one and two thirds of another, and I am entirely cured—it is now three months since, and have had no ill return.

ELIZABETH L. MERRITT. Boston, Nov. 12, 1836. I was subject to canker in the stomach, throat and mouth about a year since—it troubled me very much—I was recommended to make use of the Jelly of Pomegranate and Pills, prepared by Dr. GORDAK. I used the medicine with astonishing success—in five or six days I was entirely cured, and ever since have been free of canker. I really think there is no medicine for canker equal to the Jelly Pomegranate.

JOHN BURNS. Boston, Nov. 12, 1836. I have for several years been afflicted with a humor, which was very troublesome—about 6 months ago I was advised to call on Dr. GORDAK—here commended to me the Jelly of Pomegranate and Salt Rheum Ointment, which I used according to his directions, and in a short time I was entirely cured, which I can fully testify.

SUSANNAH E. BRIGHAM. eoply

TO LET. Washington street, possession given immediately. Apply to DIX & HARTWELL, 183 Washington street. a12

FOR SALE. Pinckney street, near the Hospital, a small genteel family, has a view of Cambridge and Roxbury. Apply at the house, or to C. YOUNG, Brown's wharf. eplf mh24

HOUSE FOR SALE IN CHARLESTOWN. A three story brick house No 22 Bow st, with excellent accommodations, being three stories high, and containing about 12 rooms—would be sold at a sacrifice with immediate possession, if applied for very soon. ti mh23

TO LET. A house in Roxbury, with a small garden. Inquire of WM. C. SPEAR, in the front end of Boylston Market. my 31

TO LET. Two houses in Warren street—also, a shop in Washington street, near the Worcester Railroad, suitable for a grocery or provision store. Inquire of WM. C. SPEAR, in front end of Boylston Market. my 31

TO LET. A new two story brick house in Shawmut street, containing Parlor, Dining Room and Kitchen, on the first floor, and four Chambers on the second. JOHN I. SPEAR, 7 Exchange st. 2w my 31

FOR SALE. A first rate three story house on Pinckney street—price \$4000—the premises have been lately put in thorough repair. Capels, Rugs, Mantle Glasses and Window Shades will be sold with the house, if desired. Apply to CHAS. WADE, 105 State street. je 1

FOR SALE. 20,000 feet very eligible building lots at South Boston. 38,000 feet well situated building lots at East Boston. Two neat Cottages, at Chelsea and 10 building lots well located. Apply to CHARLES WADE, 105 State st. je 2

TO LET. If not sold by the 5th of the present month, a new three story brick house on Greely st. Apply to CHAS. WADE, 105 State st. je 2

FOR SALE OR TO LET. A genteel country residence, seven miles from the city, consisting of a new house, having ten rooms, with out-buildings, garden, fruit trees, 154 acres land—it will be sold or rented low to a private family or for boarders. Apply to CHARLES WADE, 105 State street. je 1

TO LET. A House in La Grange Place, calculated for a genteel family. Apply to J. S. B. ALLEINE, No 8 said Place, between 3 & 5 o'clock P. M. is ostf je 1

TO LET. A three story brick house, within about three minutes walk of State st. JOHN I. SPEAR, 7 Exchange st. je 3

TO LET. A three story House in Lynde street. JOHN I. SPEAR, 7 Exchange st. 3w je 1

TO LET. A commodious House in Friend st. JOHN I. SPEAR, 7 Exchange st. 2w je 1

TO LET. A new brick house in Cherry st. JOHN I. SPEAR, 7 Exchange st. 3w je 1

3000 Smoked Alewives of superior quality, just received, and for sale by GEORGE W. TYLER, No 42 Commercial street. je 3

science of chemistry teaches us to convert rags into sugar, and even wood and india-rubber into bread. Hence, it is not impossible that good Graham bread might be made of saw-dust.

An Object of Prompt Charity.—There is now in this city a severely wounded United States soldier, the only survivor of the unfortunate Major Dade's detachment, which was massacred by the Indians in Florida. The detachment consisted of one hundred and seventeen men, and the enemy amounted to at least between Nine and Ten Hundred. The soldier's name is **RANSOM CLARK**, a native of Livingston, N. York and now 25 years of age. The following is the Surgeon's Certificate for a Pension, which is only Eight Dollars per month, and utterly insufficient for his maintenance:—

"I hereby certify that by satisfactory evidence and accurate examination, it appears that on the 28th day of December, 1835, at Dade's Battle-ground, near the Ocala-hochee in the Territory of E. Florida, Ransom Clark, a private in company "B," of the second Regiment of the United States Artillery, while actually in the line of his duty, was severely wounded in the right shoulder, forever depriving him of the use of the right arm—also in the right thigh—in the right arm, above the elbow—also in the right temple, and in the back—and is therefore, in the opinion of the undersigned, totally disabled from obtaining his subsistence.

Given at Fort Brooks, E. Florida, this twenty-ninth day of April, 1836. **JNO. M. COYLER."**

In addition to the above, we would add, that we have had an interview with the unfortunate Clark, at the Exchange, and in the presence of some gentlemen examined the wounds which are referred to in the above certificate. The ball which entered his shoulder still remains in him, having, as often occurs in similar cases, traveled obliquely downwards, to the region of the lungs, where it remains stationary, and must at no distant day cause his death.

This last wound he received, while laying on his side, and discharging his musket over a small breast-work. The blood spouted from his mouth in a torrent, and he became insensible. He was stripped by the savages, and left for dead. The first proof he had that the ball was in his lungs, was the throwing up, by the agency of an emetic, a piece of his coat, carried in by the ball. All that can now be done for the poor fellow, is to make his descent to the grave as easy and comfortable as it is in the power of patriotic Benevolence to render it.

Clark will be at the Exchange to day.

By orders received at New York, all bonds may now be extended to the 1st Oct. on giving additional security, instead of 30, 60, and 90 days, as before required; and on payment of one-fourth the amount in 60 days, additional security will be dispensed with.

Will the merchants say that the government is their enemy now? Justice forbid—let them then join with the government in its efforts to restore that confidence among the people upon the existence of which our prosperity depends, and discountenance the factious efforts of those crazy-headed partisans, who thro' their proser enunciation to ruin the mercantile interest of the nation, by urging the merchants to violate the very laws made to protect them and their property.

We have intimated that the **TEN CENT REBEL-LIONISTS** had dropped their tails—this is not true in all instances—the Atlas got his curled up so tight that he can't shake the kinks out,—but what adds to his misfortune is, the twist is so severe that it has almost drawn the skin from his head, while it keeps his hind feet several inches above their natural position. He cuts a ludicrous figure as he hobbles out in the morning with his eyeballs protruding, growling and scolding at the ease of those about him, while he, to use his own pun, is dying under the screech.

Hidden Treasure Found.—The Charlottesville, (Va.) Advocate states that a wooden box containing four hundred and forty-nine doubloons of gold coin, amounting to near \$7,500, was found on the farm of John Douglass, Esq., in the northern part of the County on Monday last. The fortunate finder was the overseer of Mr. Douglass, by the name of Munday. The box was much decayed, and from the length of time the deposit must have remained a secret. Probably no one will claim it.

The Great Regulator.—It is a curious fact that in the largest city in the United States where the paper currency has assumed the worst of all possible shapes—where it has degenerated the most—where **SHIN PLASTERS** are issued and used, is Philadelphia, the very spot where Mr. Biddle and his great regulator of the currency are located! "Physician, heal thyself," before thou talkest of curing the nation.

The New York races were well attended last week, and the betting was large, notwithstanding the times. Our neighbor of the Gazette is in Gotham, but we believe that he took no part in the sports. The arrival announced in the following paragraph, however, may account for his absence from the turf:—

"Hunting a Turtle."—Sandy Welch's schooner has returned to New York from a turtle hunt to the Bahamas, and brought between fifty and sixty turtle,—whoppers.—**N. Y. Era of Thursday.**

Great and alarming News!—It is rumored that a distinguished Lieutenant is about putting himself at the head of the Ferry St. Rangers with the settled purpose of marching to Washington, in all next month to establish a National Bank, "peaceably" if he can, if not, *not*. It is also said that the Lieutenant, to prevent accidents, will wear only his wooden sword on this march. The Atlas office will be put aboard of one of the camp wagons, so the public may expect a daily bulletin of the battles.

Sweet Fellows.—At the late incarceration of the students of the University of Alabama at Tuscaloosa, a pistol was discharged at the insurgents from Dr. Wood's window, which was promptly returned. Many more exchanges took place between Professor Hudson and his dear wards.

There is a sharp personal controversy going on between the members of the late Rev. Mr. Milton's Society, in Newburyport. It is believed, by many, that the relentless persecution which this good and reverend divine received from a portion of his congregation was the cause of his death.

The Pennsylvanian, speaking of the finale of the **TEN CENT REBELLION** here, says "the Boston office will not be torn down, nor will the Postmaster be 'Cook'd' or eaten for 'Greens.'"

A Bright Star in the East.—The People's Bank, at Bangor, still pays SPECIE for their bills, and no doubt will continue as long as they have a bill out.

We learn that the Arcade bank of Providence has made arrangements to redeem their bills at par at the Commonwealth bank in this city.

They caught a fellow while attempting to set fire to a church in New Orleans a week or two since, and intend to use him up speedily.

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

By the arrival at New York of the Packet Ship Pennsylvania, London papers to the 24th and Liverpool to the 23rd of April have been received. The failures here did not produce so much consternation as was expected.

Advices from New York had been received to the 3rd of April. The latter appear to have given general satisfaction, more particularly that portion of them which consisted in specie and United States Bank bonds, of which last a large quantity were carried out.

The Liverpool Times of April 15th, says:—
The state of the London Money Market is decidedly easier. During the whole of last week there was more money than safe employment for it. The bills of the United States Bank, received by the last two packets, will absorb a good deal of this surplus. As they bear five per cent. interest, and as the security is as good as that of the bank of England itself, they will be bought up freely in London as well as here. At the present premium Exchequer Bills are not worth three per cent. per annum; so that these bills are a much better investment for spare capital.

The Cotton Market improved somewhat on the 24th of April. A paper of the 25th says:—

Yesterday was the best cotton Market that has been known for some weeks. The price advanced to 1000 bales, at an improvement of about 1d. per lb. and the feeling amongst all classes is considerably better than it has been for some time.

The accounts from the manufacturing districts are anything but favorable. The interruption of our trade with America appears already to be seriously felt, and the letters state that thousands of people have been thrown out of work, and placed, by the result of an artificial system of trade, upon the tender mercies of the new year's law.

An announcement was made this afternoon, of the failure of a large manufacturing concern; and we understand that the payments of the firm will be shortly resumed.

In the British House of Commons on the 19th, a motion for an address to the king, praying him not to renew the order in council authorizing British subjects to engage in the service of the Queen of Spain, was negatived by a majority of 36, the vote being 242 and 270.

Liverpool, April 25th. During the last week there has been some extensive failures amongst the holders of Cotton and other articles of depreciated produce. The dead loss has been frightful. All the failures for the last fortnight have arisen from this cause.

The United States bills brought by the Shakspeare and Orleans have been sold in large quantities to Liverpool Bankers at 95 for the 100. From the improvement in the money market, they will shortly sell for 95 1/2 for the 100, or over 95 1/2.

The Sheffield trade suffered considerably, but not to the extent of many others. The table knife trade suffered most.

The plague on the 25th ult. was ceasing at Constantinople.

At Manchester, the pressure had begun to produce serious difficulties. A mob for several days paraded the streets, and demanded bread of the shopkeepers, which in most cases was given them.

France.—The application of the French ministry to the Chambers, for an appropriation for the Duke de Nemours has been withdrawn, at the request of the Duke and his royal father.

The preparations for the marriage of the Duke of Orleans were going on very actively. The Chamber of deputies had passed, by a majority of 258, the new law establishing his allowance, 2,000,000 francs per annum, 1,000,000 for wedding presents, and 300,000 per annum for the princess, in case of widowhood.

The distress of the operatives was still very great in France.

A trial of Mennier was in progress.

File.—A paragraph in the *London Gazette* of April 13th states that a dreadful fire broke out in one of the principal warehouses of Trieste on the night of the 11th and 12th, which had caused the loss of some lives and of property to the amount of several millions.

The London money market remained as before. Cotton, which had been tending downwards, was better on the 24th.

From Spain there is nothing important. There has been no important event since our last advices.

Liverpool Market, April 22.—Cotton.—There has been only a moderate demand during the week and prices of ordinary to middling qualities of American have given way 3d per lb. and other descriptions remain without alteration. The stained Sea Islands, &c., offered by auction yesterday, were withdrawn for want of bidders. 750 American have been taken on speculation, and 1000 American, 400 Surat, 650 Bengal, and 10 Madras for export.

The sales amount to 15,140 bales, comprising among others, 10 Sea Island, 21d a bale; 10 Stained do 6d a bale; 3520 Bowed Georgia, 51d a bale; 700 Mobile, 51d a bale; 700 Alabama, 41 a bale; 6900 New Orleans, 34 a bale.

Liverpool Cotton Market, April 24.—The week has commenced with a very fair demand for Cotton, and prices of middling and fair American are 3d, and in some instances 3d. per lb. higher, than on Friday. The sales to-day are 4000 bales, and on Saturday 2500 were sold. The prices amongst all classes is considerably better than it has been for some time.

Mexico.—Letters from Vera Cruz, of the 12th ult., represent that city as tranquil. Very little sensation at had been created by the capture of the Mexican brig of war, by the *Natchez*. The Mexicans were willing to renew the amicable relations which he hitherto existed between the two nations, provided the Americans cease making reprisals.

A letter from the United States Consul at Vera Cruz, dated 13th ult., states that the Judge of the District, on the 6th, pronounced sentence of condemnation and confiscation against the schooner *Orion*, Capt. Morgan of New London, and cargo, forcibly seized in the port of Guaymas on the 30th of March. The seizure being unlawful and the confiscation informal, and in contravention of public law and the usages of civilized nations, the Consul has entered his protest against the Judge's decision, for the benefit of those concerned.

The Captain, passengers and crew of the American schooner *Julius Caesar*, have addressed a statement of the particulars of their capture by the Mexican brig of war *General Terran*, to the Consul of the United States at Matamoros. It seems that they were grossly ill treated.

Santa Anna's Head gone.—The New Orleans Picayune, of May 25, announces the receipt of intelligence from Vera Cruz, of the arrest of Santa Anna, by the orders of Bustamante, to be conveyed to the city of Mexico for trial, and probable execution on the charge of mismanagement of the war in Texas. He was seized by a party of Cavalry on the 7th instant.

Slave Trade.—Eight African negroes have been taken into custody, at Apalachicola, by the United States deputy marshal, alleged to have been imported from Cuba, on board the schooner *Emperor*, Capt. Cox. Indictments for piracy, under the acts for the suppression of the slave trade, have been found against Cox, Cox's coadjutors, and the parties implicated. The negroes were brought in Cuba by a Frenchman named Malherb, formerly a resident of Tallahassee, who was drowned soon after the arrival of the schooner.

New Orleans, May 24.—The sales of cotton yesterday were larger than on any day for months past; they amount to 2637 bales.

Flour and corn continue to advance; we quote the former at \$9 for his land and 10 for his water; but we hear of no sales over 10; corn is selling readily at \$1 per bushel and 1 1/2 to 1 1/2 is asked by some.—*Bee.*

Most Distressing Event.—A late number of the Charleston Mercury contains the following account of an extraordinary casualty:—

"A most melancholy and affecting scene was witnessed yesterday by many of our citizens. The corpses of a whole family, were brought up from Sullivan's Island for interment,—those of Mr. LEAVITT, his lady, and two children, the elder not more than four or five years of age, who were drowned off Sullivan's Island beach, as we yesterday reported.

As they were riding on the edge of the surf, their gig was unexpectedly precipitated into a deep channel—to the very brink of which the tracks of the wheels were traced. The accident was witnessed by a fisherman, who had observed them riding leisurely a few seconds before. On looking back to the place he saw nothing but "the horse" struggling. He hastened to the spot, seized the reins, and as he led the horse ashore and the gig rose to the surface, perceived two of the bodies swept out of it by the waves. The bodies were recovered in a short time, and there was hope for some time of resuscitating one of the children, which was yet warm, when taken from the water.

We learn from the editor of the M. Journal that there are more licences for selling ardent spirits granted in the town where he resides than in six other entire counties.

Reform neighbor Sleeper—reform, or you'll soon go off by spontaneous combustion.

An opposition editor says that he once defended the character of the Washington Globe at Rome, and now asks forgiveness for the sin. He need not be alarmed, for he is not the first goose that has cackled in the Imperial City.

We do not preach very often, but a short sermon of ours may be found under the head editorial; nor are we a Dietetic Lecturer, yet in the same column are some remarks on the Food of Man.

Some remarks in reply to an article in the Atlas of Saturday, are postponed until to-morrow, on account of the great press of other matter.

Mr. Lauriat will make an ascension in his balloon on the 17th inst from Tallis, at Chelsea. He is preparing for an attempt to cross the Atlantic.—*Transcript.*

BY SUNDAY'S STEAMBOAT MAIL.

Stocks in New York on Saturday.—U. S. Bank sold for 103—Boston and Providence Railroad, 98 1/2—Worcester, 93.

	Offered.	Asked.
American Gold,	7	9
Sovereigns,	5 27	5 35
Mexican Dollar,	109	109 1
Napoleons,	4 10	4 20
American Half Dollar,	7	

New Orleans, May 26.—Specie has fallen. It was offered in any quantities to-day at 9 per cent. for city paper, but no demand was felt. All other things nominal.

Fire and Loss of Life.—About two o'clock on Saturday morning a fire broke out in the lower part of the large five story brick building no. 169 Washington street, occupied as a Public Store, which was entirely destroyed together with the whole of its contents. The building extended nearly through to Greenwich street, and contained a large amount of goods, said to be worth half a million of dollars.

While the firemen were actively engaged in subduing the flames, the north wall of the building gave way, and melancholy to relate, buried two of the firemen in its ruins; one of them whose name we ascertained to be Houghton, belonging to Hose Co., No. 13. Also, a young man apparently between 16 and 17 years of age, who was standing near at the time, got himself so severely bruised, that very little hope is entertained of his recovery.—*Journal of Commerce.*

Dreadful ferocity of a mad dog.—This morning when a lad who kept in a sugar shop in the Bowery near 4th st., opened the door, a large shop dog who had been shut in during the night, seized him by the leg and tore the flesh dreadfully. The dog then made for a man on the opposite side of the street, whom he bit in the same ferocious manner, and then made off. Near the corner of Avenue D and 3d street, he attacked two men successively, making dreadful wounds in their legs. He was pursued, but without overtaken, and what further mischief he did, we have not learned.—*N. Y. Jour. Com.*

It is thought that the N. Jersey Legislature will adjourn without passing any law for the relief of the Banks. The whigs refuse to go into a joint meeting to fill certain offices, and the democrats refuse to act upon the favorite measures of the whigs until they are willing to proceed fairly and constitutionally. The whigs present to the progress of business by quitting their seats, and thus leaving the Legislature without a quorum in the upper branch, whenever a convention is proposed.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

June 1, 1837. }
In compliance with a resolution of the Senate of the 21 of March last, notice is hereby given that the receipts for the month of April were, as nearly as can now be ascertained,

From Customs	\$983,600
" Lands	1,011,700
Total	\$1,995,300

LEVI WOODBURY, Secretary of the Treasury.

P. S.—Although not required by the resolution, it is stated for the information of the community, that the payments for expenditures during the same month amounted to \$3,887,403 33.

Troy, June 2.—About two hundred feet of the state dam, across the Hudson river, near Lansingburgh, was carried away last Wednesday night about ten o'clock. The breakage is near the western shore, and it will probably take about 2 months to repair the damage. The mill and factories which were supplied with water from the river have been compelled to stop.

Jackson, (Miss.) May 10th, 1837.—The Legislature has at last passed by both of its branches the Post Note Law. It is now in possession of the Governor for his approval and signature. It may be feared that this measure is too late to have much influence on the condition of the country.

Cooke's Arena.—The performances of this great establishment are of the most various, interesting, and truly astonishing character, far exceeding any thing of the kind ever exhibited in this country. It is also conducted with great regularity, and the strictest exactness in every department. Every thing is done at the appointed time and place, and even the duration of the intervals between the pieces are carefully set forth in the bills of the performance. A singular feature in Mr Cooke's great company, is, that they are all members of his own family—consisting of sons and daughters; sons-in-law and daughters-in-law; and grand-sons and grand-daughters, in legions, and nearly all the little masters and misses are worked into the performances in some capacity or other. There was an afternoon performance on Saturday, and though the audience was not large it was very select.

This evening, the grand spectacle of Byron's *Mazepa* will be presented, under the direction of Mr Woolford, and every incident in the poem will be portrayed to the life.

Tremont.—Miss Cushman appears to-night as Elvira, a character she has often represented in New York with great success. Murdock will take a benefit to-morrow night, and we presume he will not be forgotten by his friends.

This being Election Day, the Ancients will make their grand annual display on the common.

On this occasion, Pelby puts forth a bill of the horrible, the romantic, and the ludicrous, to send every body home from the National half dead with crying and laughing.

Prize Tragedy.—Mr George Jones offers \$1000 and a gold medal, worth from one to five hundred dollars, and an income of 5 per cent. upon the gross profits for the first five years of its representation, for a prize tragedy, to be written by an American citizen—to consist of five acts, and containing two principal characters, to be represented by Mr and Mrs George Jones.

Installation.—On Friday evening, Rev Joseph H. Towne was installed over the Salem street Congregational Church and Society—the exercises were as follows:—Introductory prayer by Rev G. W. Blagden of Boston; Sermon by Rev Joy H. Fairchild of South Boston; Installing Prayer by Rev Brown Emerson, D. D. of Salem; Charge by Rev Mr Boies of Boston; Right Hand of Fellowship, by Rev Mr Fitch of Boston; Concluding Prayer by Rev Mr Dana of Newburyport; Benediction by Rev Mr Towne.

A small still voice from the Major.—Why is an ill-natured man like an Astral Lamp? Because he is easily put out.

Cape Cod against the Union!—We learn from the Cape, that the "Barnstable and Yarmouth Bank," at Yarmouth, has not come under the suspension system, but will continue to redeem its bills with specie, as fast as offered. The honest old fishermen in the vicinity, interested in the bank, as soon as they heard of the suspension movement, resolved to sustain their favorite, and brought in the hard currency from all quarters, in kegs and stockings, and told the officers of the bank to use the contents until every bill should be redeemed.—*Dedham Patriot.*

Talking Turkey.—This phrase, of recent coinage, is applied by the New York Evening Post to the classes of men who are in the habit of swelling, and boasting, and bragging and threatening. When the stompers, down in *Battle Square*, therefore, tell of the rapid increase of their numbers, and assert their readiness to march to the assistance of their brethren, the Boston soldiers, to batter down the Post Office and Custom House, and then march to Washington to knock the President's eyes out, they "talk turkey."—*Salem Advertiser.*

POLICE COURT.—Saturday was a day of small things. A couple of darkies were disciplined for bungling one another's eyes. A poor prig was sent to the House of Correction for stealing 13 lbs. of black tea, and a fellow outcast, of similar condition, was sent over with him for stealing a dollar out of a rum-trap money-drawer.

The Watchmen, for want of more profitable business, were anxiously discussing the *Great Appeal* Case. We would remind our worthy friends, who watch over us by night, and swear against us by day, that the case we refer to is not *Appellants versus City Watch*, but *Appellants versus Ephraim Pierce*! They will of course take the hint, and not, under the influence of *Peregrin de corpis*, league themselves together to sustain a selfish brother against three good citizens, who contribute their portion towards their daily bread and butter.

One of the most violent thunder-storms, which, for many years has afflicted this neighborhood, commenced about 10 o'clock, on Saturday evening, and continued till midnight. It ranged from West to South, but we have not yet learnt that any damage was done by it.

Inflamed eyes are very prevalent in New York, the papers say. They have been strained too much in looking after better times.

Greenough, at the New England Museum, has a rich treat prepared for his friends this evening.

The members of Engine Company No 3, at East Cambridge, have presented the late Foreman, Capt Samuel Slocum, with a neat Silver Pitcher, which may be seen at R. Shattuck's apothecary sh. p.—*Transcript.*

Brig James McCobb has brought home three seamen, formerly of brig Edward, of Portland—they are in irons for mutinous conduct.

SALE OF STOCKS BY AUCTION ON SATURDAY.
3 Shares Boylston Market Stock, 40 adv—par \$100.
9 " Blue Hills Turnpike, \$30 per sh.
9 " Londonderry Turnpike, 12 pr sh.
5 " Bos on Bank, 49 for 50.
12 " City Bank, 53 for 10.
9 " State Bank, 95 1/2 pr sh.
6 " Atlantic Bank, 92 1/2 pr sh.
6 " Massachusetts Bank, 4 disc.

ORDER OF PROCESSION.

For the CXCIXth Anniversary of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, on Monday, June 5, 1837.

Escort—y the Company.

His Excellency, the Governor, and Suit.

His Honor, the Lieutenant Governor and Honorable Council.

President of the Senate and Speaker of the House.

Secretary and Treasurer of the State.

Chaplain of the Day and President of Harvard University.

Members of Congress.

Officers of the Army, Navy and Marines.

Sheriff of Suffolk.

Judges of the United States and State Courts.

Attorney General.

Judges of the Municipal and Common Pleas Courts.

Strangers invited to Arrangements.

Foreign Consuls.

Clergymen who have preached the Election Sermons.

Mayor and Aldermen.

President of the Common Council.

Collector, Navy Agent, Postmaster, District Attorney and

Honorary Members.

The procession will be formed at the Doric Hall of the State House, precisely at noon. The sermon will be preached at the Church, in Chancery place by the Rev. Artemas B. Muzzey, of Cambridge. Seats will be provided for ladies at 11 o'clock. By order of the Committee of Arrangements.

GEO. H. WHITMAN, Clerk.

The Commissioned officers of the A. & H. A. Company, the present year are, Maj. Gen. Samuel Chandler, of Lexington, Captain. Brig. Gen. A. W. Oldham, of Pembroke, 1st Lieutenant. Col. Francis R. Bigelow, of Boston, 2d Lieutenant. Col. A. P. Fitchard, of Charlestown, Adjutant.

ANCIENT AND HONORABLE ARTILLERY COMPANY.—The members Honorary and Active, will meet at their Armory THIS DAY, at 8 A. M., in uniform complete, to celebrate their CXCIXth Anniversary. Artillerymen will wear white pantaloons and black coats. Full and punctual attendance requested. By order,

GEO. H. WHITMAN, Clerk.

NOTICE.—The regular monthly meeting of the Boston R. C. M. B. Society, will be held at Montgomery Hall, No. 5 Devonshire street, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half past seven o'clock. A punctual attendance is requested as business of importance is to come before the meeting.

BARNARD McGINISKIN, S. c. r'y.

The members of the NIAGARA ENGINE CO No 3, hereby declare that in the proceedings at a late meeting of the citizens of Cambridge, they recognise nothing manifestly prejudicial to their rights, and therefore to their duties as freemen. By vote of the company,

W. M. C. BROOKS, Foreman.

GEO. C. LEIGHTON, Clerk.

At Lowell, Mr James McGregor, of this city, to Miss Mary M Kent.

At South Boston, on the 1st instant, after a short and distressing illness, Mrs Dorcas, wife of Nicholas Nesey, Esq 36, formerly of New Durham, N. H. By this sudden and afflicting dispensation of Providence, her husband has been deprived of a kind and affectionate wife and her four young children left to mourn the loss of a tender and indulgent parent. She died in the full hope of a glorious immortality.

Printers in New Hampshire are requested to notice the above.

IMPORTATIONS.

SYDNEY. Sch Irene—110 chl coal.
Sch Rover—62 chl coal.
WINDSOR. Sch Charlotte—10 tons plaster.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—Monday, June 5.

Rises.	Sets.	Moons.	High Water.
h4 24m	h7 32m	h10 09m pm	h0 56m

SHIP-NEWS-BOSTON, 1837.

SATURDAY, JUNE 3.

ARRIVED.

Brig Chas Wells, Covillard, Norfolk.
Brig Eley, Wall, Baltimore.
Br Sch Rover, Garrick, Sydney. Spoke, 23d inst, off Halifax, sch James, of Portland, 100 qts fish.
Br Sch Comet, Du can, Windsor.
Br sch Irene, Joyce, Sydney, via Ha fax.
Sch Lebanon, Tabitt, Baltimore.
Sch Kosciusko, Crowell, Philadelphia.
Sch Wm Roscoe, Meeker, New York.
Sch Tiger, Cammett, Albany, arr'd.
Sch Franklin, Doyle, Gloucester.
Sch Byron, Besse, Warrham.

CLEARED.

Ship Wm & John, Robinson, Thomaston; brigs Dover, Percy, Copenhagen and a macker; Alfred Tyler, Carpenter, Sydney; Wankino, Ryder, Alexandria; Dagle, Howes, Philadelphia; Napoleon, Hunt, Portland; sch Mary, Michael Snow, St Thomas; Br sch Hannah Swift, Liswell, Windsor; Sarah Ann, Cross; do; Superior, Faulkner, Douglas; Freewoman, Stanwood, Yarmouth, NS; Th's w yer, Rea, St Andrews; Thistle, Gallagher, St John, NB; schs Richard, Parker, Norfolk; Friend, Baker, New York; Maria, Small, Providence; Moro, Blanchard, Belfast; Satellite, Trefethen, Dover; Ocean, Cook, good; Bath; splendid, Springer, Augusta; Fame, Bens, Hallowell; Harriet, Holmes, Plymouth.

PM.—Brigs Rolt Wall, Matthews, Philadelphia; Chickasaw, Harding, Baltimore; schs fancy, Baker, New York; Despatch, Nickerson, Providence; Gen Slack, Leighton, Windsor; Planter, Pierce, Portsmouth; ship Sabine, Osgood, Haverhill.

SUNDAY, JUNE 4.

ARRIVED.

Br brig Charlotte, Carl, Wind-or.
Brig Forest, Rich, Norfolk.
Br sch Barlet, Richards, Sydney.
Sch Charriet, Moore, New York.

Canton, Feb 21.—The ship Cynthia has been run into by the bark Neptune both bound out; the former for New York, and the latter for London, and both being considerably injured,

will be detained two or three days. The Cynthia sailed again the 23d for New York.

The Amazon, was got off Cliff Shoal, and towed into Nantucket on the 30th ult.

